SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATION BILL WAS UNDER CONSIDERATION,

And It Was Used by Democratic Members as a Basis for Charging Republicans with Extravagance.

GENERAL POLITICAL

IN WHICH THE M'KINLEY AND WIL-SON TARIFF BILLS FIGURED.

"Cuba Libre" After a Speech by Mr. Dearmond-Much Opposition to the Sundry Civil Bill.

latter paid a high tribute to Speaker Reed, the large appropriations. Once the gate was opened the debate naturally drifted into politics. The relative merits of the on God's green earth. McKinley and Wilson bills as revenue producers were attacked and defended, the income-tax decision and Justice Shiras's change of position came in for a share of just criticism. attention, and Mr. De Armond, of Missouri, concluded the day with a brilliant plea for struggling Cuba, which won from the was made that there was to be an attempt to pass the sundry civil bill under the sus-House shouts of approval. An intimation Cannon, who has charge of the bill, denied this. There is evidently a movement on to make their fight to overrule the committee on the floor.

When the session opened, Mr. Cannon, in charge of the sundry civil bill, asked unanimous consent that the bill be considered as having been read the first time. Mr. Hepburn (Rep., Ia.) asked if the purpose of passing the bill next Monday under suspension of the rules had been abandoned, and this was a move to procure the first reading of of the bill to avoid the criticism made when the river and harbor bill was passed last year without having been read. The question evidently nettled Mr. Cannon, who replied that he was willing that the House should pursue towards the bill any course the majority desired. He called attention to the fact that but two weeks of the session yet remained, and there werestill to pass, in addition to the sundry civil bill, the naval appropriation bill and the general deficiency bill But you have not answered my question," exclaimed Mr. Hepburn. "Have you ned the purpose of passing this bill

"There never was any such purpose," re-

under suspension of the rules?

sponded Mr. Cannon, sharply.

CANNON EXPLAINS THE BILL A compromise was arranged and the reading of the bill dispensed with. It was agreed that there should be five hours' general debate, two hours and a half on a side Mr. Cannon made the opening statement regarding the measure. It carried \$50,664,-743, about \$8,000,000 less than the estimates the bill for the current year. The increase was extraordinary, but, he said, easy or explanation. Of the increase, \$15,531,000 was for river and harbor improvements authorized to be placed under contract by the \$1,628,120 for public buildings in the course of construction and \$709,300 for the expenses of United States courts. He said the committee recommended an appropriation for Wilmington, Del., because it had been found that the work could not be done for the sum authorized by the river and harbor for the failure to appropriate in this bill for the Oakland, Cal., improvement, which would cost \$700,000 more than was authorized. The same was true of the Kentucky river. The river and harbor bill authorized an expenditure of \$400,000. It would require 1,000,000 to complete the project. Dams 2 and 5 of the Ohio river and Youquinna, Yakima bay, Oregon, were also omitted from the bill for the same reason

Mr. Sayers (Dem., Tex.), taking the sundry civil bill as a text, attacked the record of this Congress in the matter of extravagant expenditures. The appropriations for this Congress, he declared, would reach the unprecedented sum of \$1,045,000,000. Heasserted that it would not be in the power of the Republicans of the next Congress to pass a tariff bill that would raise revenue enough ity in the next Congress reversed its policy and adopted the old Democratic doctrine of

"Did not the Fifty-second Congress, when all branches of the government were Democratic, expend as much as the Republican Congress?" asked Mr. Milliken (Rep.), of

"Not within \$26,000,000 of the amount expended by the Fifty-first Congress, or to be expended by the present Congress," replied Mr. Sayers. He proceeded to draw a contrast between the appropriations of 1897 and 1887 to show their increase in a decade. The appropriations made by the various bills in ten years had increased (round figures): Postoffice, \$38,200,000; sundry civil, \$24,000,000; District of Columbia, \$2,174,000; Military Academy, \$151,000; diplomatic and consular, \$278,000; pensions, \$59,263,000; agricultural, \$2,501,000; legislative, executive and judicial \$864,060; Indian. \$844.243; naval, \$14,072,000; river and harbor, \$1,175,000, besides \$75,000,000 authorized, and fortifications, \$7,377,000. The grand total of appropriation in 1887 was \$287,330,971, against \$518,845,154, an increase of \$145,924,000. In the face of this showing of the vast and rapid increase of appropriations, Mr. Sayers appealed to members, irrespective of party, to take home the necessity of retrenchment.

DEMOCRATIC PRAISE FOR REED. Mr. Dockery, who followed Mr. Sayers. said, in his opinion, the expenditures of the Congress would reach \$1,050,000,000. But he said he desired to acquit the speaker of the house of any responsibility. He commended Speaker Reed for his "heroic attitude" against this "riotous assault on the treasury." While his party was responsible, Speaker Reed, he said, was not entitled to share in the odium. Speaking of the future. Mr. Dockery said he did not know whether a tariff bill could be framed which would raise sufficient revenue to meet these vase expenditures, but if anyone could frame such a bill he said it would be the 'distinguished chairman of the ways and means committee, Mr. Dingley." On his side of the House, however, they did not

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Pais,



MOST PERFECT MADE A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulturant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

believe prosperity could be restored by in-creasing taxation and limiting still further

the volume of money. Mr. Catchings (Dem.), of Mississippi, formerly chairman of river and harbor committee, entered into an elaborate defense of the policy of the river and harbor improvement, and especially a defense of the appropriation for the Yazoo and Mis-

sissippi rivers. Mr. Catchings was followed by Mr. Hep-burn, who denounced the last river and harbor bill, not because of the appropriations for great national projects, but because, he said, the bill was made the "vehicle of ruthless and reckless expenditures in insignificant improvements." He said Mr. Catchings's defense of the Yazoo appropriation only proved the truth of the old bibli-cal proverb, "The wicked fleeth though no man pursueth." Mr. Hepburn also assailed what he termed the extravagant appropria-tions for public buildings. He took as an example \$800,000 for a building at Newark, N. J. He thought a good building could be erected for one-eighth of that amount.

The merits of the McKinley law as a revenue-producing measure were also brought into the debate. Mr. Hopkins (Rep., Ill.) contended that it produced ample revenue, while Mr. McMillin (Dem., Tenn.) maintained that for the four years of its opera-tion the deficiency was \$30,000,000. He defended the Wilson law, which, he declared, would have produced sufficient revenue had not the income tax been declared unconstitutional. He was severe in his strictures on the Supreme Court.

MR. GROSVENOR'S SPEECH. Mr. Grosvenor (Rep., Ohio) replied to Mr. McMillin. He would leave the task of excoriating the Supreme Court to the gentleman from Tennessee, he said, but he want-WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 .- This has been | ed him to remember that the majority of & field day in the House. The sundry civil the members of that court who held the appropriation bill was before that body to- law to be unconstitutional were of the poday for general debate. It was used as a litical affiliation of the gentleman himself. basis for an attack by the Democrats on | He proceeded to ridicule the present tariff the vast appropriations made by this Con- law, and said no party would have the gress which Mr. Sayers and Mr. Dockery | hardihood to return again to the ad valorem estimated would aggregate \$1,045,000,000. The | system and the faulty schedules of the Wilon law. He described the Democrats in the last campaign as seeking to avoid reand acquitted him of all responsibility for | sponsibility for that law by getting behind a new issue. "But." he continued, "they were hoist on their own petard, and are

> Mr. Dearmond (Dem., Mo.), in discussing the adequacy of the Wilson law, also criticised the Supreme Court's decisions, which he, as a lawyer, declared were not above just criticism. He said no one imagined when the law was passed that the income tax would be declared unconstitutional.

you that it was unconstitutional.

now fighting each other on every question

on of the rules on Monday, but Mr. ocratic leader at all, great or small." (Aping. Mr. Dearmond referred contemptuously to the man who had "changed his mind in such a way that the hand of the tax gatherer had been lifted from wealth and had fallen again on poverty and trial.' Then he drifted into some comment of the growing power of the judiciary and the executive, which led to some remarks on the attitude of the government towards Cuba that produced several wild outbursts of ap-plause from the members. He spoke of the fact that the newspapers and every sort of information from Cuba told of the heroic struggle of that body of devoted patriots for freedom and the story of barbarities and crueities drawn from the depth of the middle ages. "Yet," said he, "diplomacy prates of autonomy. Autonomy for the bird when the snake is ready to strike; autonomy for the lamb in the fangs of the wolf; autonomy when the maiden is at the stake and the faggots are burning. If it is right that we should interfere, we should do so on the high ground that freemen should aid freemen in their struggle for freedom. We lured those people on in this struggle. Every breath that blew from these shores taught them to win their own freedom. Yet while American citizens are being shot down and American property is being destroyed, diplomacy talks of auton-omy. I had hoped this administration would respond to the swelling patriotism in this country, and I still hope the in-coming administration will do what this has failed to do, and there will be something after March 4 besides talk of au-

> passed expressing the sentiment of Congress?" asked Mr. Grosvenor. "I do not know," responded Mr. Dearmond, "but I do know that there is enough patriotism in this body rising above party to pass any measure that may be submitted to it which will advance Cuba's cause." Continuing, he spoke of the libel of the Three Friends as a pirate as a strange act in the closing days of the nineteenth cen-tury. Tyrants, he said, banded themselves ogether to drive back those who attempted to escape the yoke, but for this country to become a party to such a doctrine was shameful. He referred to the report that two ladies had been stripped and searched on board an American vessel by Spanish officials as an outrage that had no parallet to inquire at the White House what progin the most infamous pages of history. It might, he said, be only a newspaper report, but he placed more reliance in the reports of newspaper men who risked their lives to get at the truth than in the "poor, miserable palayer called diplomacy." fend as a government, he asked, what you reject as people. If there was a treaty, he said, in conclusion, which permitted such an indignity to ladies it should be instantly abrogated by the smooth methods of the aw or the keen edge of the sword, it mattered little which. At 5:25 the House ad-

"What has become of the resolution we

Ship for Carrying Grain to India. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-The session of the Senate, with the exception of twenty minutes, was devoted to executive business. Before the doors were closed Senator Perkins secured the passage of a resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to send a naval vessel or engage another craft to carry supplies to the famine sufferers of India. The resolution recites that famne and plague are causing great distress and the loss of thousands of lives in India; that the famine can be in part stayed by supplying the surplus products of other lomany of the Western States have contributed grain. The resolution therefore directs the secretary of the navy to place a suitable naval vessel at the service of the authorities of San Francisco or to charter a vessel of 1,500 to 3,000 tons for the shipment of contributions. The appropriation necessary for expenses is provided. There

was no discussion of the resolution, and it passed unanimously Mr. Allen offered a resolution directing the Civil-service Commission to report on the recent discharges at South Omaha. Neb., in the cattle inspection service. The resolution went over until Monday. The joint resolution directing the committee on public lands to inquire into the Perrine land grant in Florida was

STAR FROM HAWAII.

Mrs. Carrie Dimond, of Society Scandal Notoriety, to Shine on the Stage.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.-Mrs. Carrie Dimond, the heroine of the sensational Honolulu society scandal, will, if the present plans progress favorably, shine as a star on the histrionic stage as a leader. appareled in tights of a burlesque production. When she was in the city a few weeks ago she made arrangements with W. R. Daly to become her professional manager, and Mr. Daly is now engaged in preparing the details of the extravaganza that will be put on the boards to tour the country when Mrs. Dimond blus farewell to ner home in the south seas. Several of the principals of the supporting company have already been engaged, and the manager of the proposed company is hustling day and night securing scenery and other properties necessary to take on the road when the Hawilian begins to glitter. Manager Daly will not say what the production will be, but promises that it will be thorcughiy up to date and so arranged that it rate of 1 rouble 50 copecks already goes on, win give Mrs. Dimond every opportunity to jump at once to fame behind the foot-

RAINSFORD ATTENDS A BALL

Preacher Who Blanked the Bradley-Martins at an Entertainment.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13 .- Rev. Dr. Rainsford, who urged his parishioners not to attend the Bradley-Martin ball, appeared at the ball of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, in the Murray Hill Lyceum, last evening, and made an address. He was introduced in the middle of a variety programme, which preceded the ball. His immediate predecessor on the stage was a young woman, who did high kicking, and he was followed by a pair of Irish come-dians. Dr. Rainsford presented a check for \$600 on behalf of the society to Samuel Ashforth, who was disabled by an accident while working at his trade. His address was entitled "Trades Unions up to Date," the greater part of which was an appeal to organized bodies of skilled laborers to help those who are less skilled and more poorly paid. The conclusion of his ray resolution recites that. address was an appeal to workingmen to take a larger interest in the well-being of the city.

HE THINKS THE ATTACKS ON HIM-SELF ARE NOT WARRANTED.

Mr. Henry Deplores the Efforts of Members of the House to Place the Speaker in a False Position.

AND DOES NOT INTEND TO EMBAR-

RASS M'KINLEY ADMINISTRATION.

W. D. Bynum Fails to See President Cleveland in Behalf of Francis A. Coffin, Who Is Seeking a Pardon.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-Speaker Reed has become very sensitive to the attacks made on him in which he is characterized of the privileges and prerogatives of the members of the House, and attempting on his own motion to direct legislation. Speaking on the subject Representative Henry, of Indiana, to-day said: "These charges do Speaker Reed a great injustice. In throwing his influence against legislation other than that absolutely necessary for the carrying on of the government, Mr. Reed is simply executing the will of the majority and the policy of his party. Members fully understand this, and it would be courageous for them to assume the responsibility themowe it to themselves and to their party to hold up Mr. Reed's hands instead of contributing to making his position more difficult than it would naturally be, instead of encouraging wholesale attacks on him and placing him in a false position before the Mr. Reed's friends are at great pains just

now to give out assurances that the speaker has no intention of embarrassing the incoming administration by half-hearted support or covert antagonism, but that he will give the executive branch of the government his cordial co-operation. He does not intend to fall down and worship at the shrine of McKinley nor to ask any favors therefrom for himself or his friends, but he considers himself quite as much a Republican as the President-elect, and is every whit as anxious to see his party and its policies succeed. He will, therefore, do the very best that lies in his power to make the next four years a triumph of Republican ideas. In doing this he modestly sets up the plea that he is speaking not only for himself alone, but for the Republican party as represented in the popular branch of Congress. Furthermore, if re-elected speaker next month it will be with the distinct understanding that in carrying out the programme to restrict legislation to tariff matters he will be executing the policy of the party, and not the individual will of Speaker Reed. He is getting heartily sick of the "czar" indictment, and is entering a vigorous protest against the accusations of members who are trying to make their constituents and country at large believe

they are the victims of his tyranny. Mr. Bynum started back to Indianapolis this evening. He has been over to the Philadelphia mint on an official inspection tour, and stopped over in Washington for a day ress the President had made with regard to the petition for the pardon of Francis Somewhat to his disappointment he found that Mr. Cleveland had gone down the Potomac on a duck-hunting expedition, and would not be back until to-morrow

Representative Steele expects to add \$825,000 to the appropriation for the Soldiers' Home at Marion, Ind. He says there are needed improvements and repairs which would cost that much, and that thereafter only a small annual allowance for maintenance would be required.

PROTECTION IN RUSSIA.

Results of Twenty Years Have Justified the Country's Economic Policy. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-A remarkable document, in itself almost a complete treatise on political economy, is the report of the Russian minister of finance, transmitting the annual budget, a copy of which has ter succinctly discusses the respective mer- | cent special report on that subject. its of direct and indirect taxation, protection vs. free trade, currency questions, agriculture economy and other important questions of state policy which have attracted much attention of late years in the United States. He finds that indirect taxation is in every way preferable to direct taxation, not only being less burdensome to the people. but being more easily realized by the government. The recent rise in the price of wheat he regards as a not altogether unmixed blessing, and on the whole the balvest even at low prices. Russia, he says, is passing through the process of changing from a purely agricultural life to a period of industrial and economic economy, and, while the impression might be given that the bulk of the peasantry have grown poorer, in reality they have remained on the same level or even risen somewhat. The minister holds that the results of twenty years' protection in Russia fully the policy. He says there can scarcely be any dispute that once the government for a long period of time has kept to a strict and consistent system of protection, any serious relaxation of protection would be a great political blunder, and would jar the economic organization of the

country. This, however, does not exclude the possibility, while carefully watching the development of national economy, of lowering some particular paragraphs in the tariff schedules in those cases when one branch or another is strong enough to withstand foreign competition, and especially when foreign countries, in return for such a concession, agree to lower the duties on agricultural products. The minister gives a most interesting history of the attempt to improve the Russian currency system. He says the purpose was to do this without disturbing business, without causing loss and without enriching any one, and place the currency on a firm foundation, safe from shock. Great progress was made in this direction during 1896,

and it is now proposed only to confirm what has been accomplished. In conclusion the minister speaks of great Siberian Railroad, which he says will in 1898, or at the latest 1899, reach the Amoor from both ends, and with a line of steamers on this river form a direct line of steam transportation across the whole of Siberia. Reference is made to the Chinese concession of a right of way through Manchuria for the road, thereby shortening it 514 versts, and the minister says the solution of this problem should be classed among the most important successes of the

the cashing of bank notes in gold at the

pacific development of mankind. ASKS AN INVESTIGATION.

Mr. Murray Charges Irregularities in South Carolina's Election.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-Representative Murray, the colored Republican member from South Carolina, has introduced a resolution reciting that the electoral vote of the State is irregular and authorizing the speaker to appoint a special committee of five members of the present House who will serve also in the next House to investigate the alleged irregularities. The Mur-

"Whereas, A large number of citizens of Grand Pacific Hotel will be opened and the South Carolina have memorialized Congress improvements will be commenced immedi-

to reject the electoral vote of that State the ground that it is not an expression of the will of the electors who have been debarred from exercising their constitutional rights; that a republican form of government does not exist in South Caro-

iina, and, "Whereas, It is the paramount duty of Congress to see that a republican form of government is to be observed in South Carlina and other States; therefore, it is "Resolved. That the speaker appoint committee of five members of this Congress who will also be members of the Fifty-fifth Congress, to examine into the complaints and allegations and to recommend, by bill or otherwise, what may be necessary to remove the wrongs.

The committee is authorized to sit during the recess of Congress and thereafter. in Washington or South Carolina, and to send for persons, papers, etc. The ex-penses of the investigation are to be lim-ited to \$3,500. Mr. Murray is the member who caused some agitation recently by proposing to object to the South Carolina vote during the count of the electoral vote by the joint houses of Congress. He was persuaded to abandon that purpose and now adopted the plan of an investigation.

ALLEGED OUTRAGE.

Mr. Cummings Wants to Know About the Stripping of American Women. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-Representative Cummings, of New York, has introduced a resolution requesting the secretary of state to give the House of Representatives any information he may have concerning the incident of the stripping of three lady passengers on board the United States mail steamer Olivette in the harbor of Havana by Spanish soldiers and detectives. The resolution recites that the alleged occurrence was described in a New York paper. The resolution was referred to the committee on as a czar and tryrant, and called a usurper | foreign affairs and a report is expected next

Mr. Cummings said, as to the resolution: 'If an English woman on board an English vessel had been stripped by Spanish officials as it has been alleged an American woman was stripped, within forty-eight hours Moro Castle would come down or some apology would be made for it. I doubt even if Ja-pan would have stood it. Furthermore, if the American government stands it, in my opinion it indicates a total loss of manhood and the keenest sympathy with savage in-

Banana Growing Not a Bonanza.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-Banana growing in Henduras is not a bonanza, says selves for the nonpassage of bills in which | United States Consul Jaringan, at Utilla, "Senator Hill, your great Democratic selves for the nonpassage of bills in which United States Consul Jaringan, at Utilla, leader," interrupted Mr. Hopkins, "warned they and their constituents are interested, a port of the Bay islards. The officer has instead of making a scapegoat of the speak- been overwhelmed by letters from people er. The Republican members of the House in the United States who, under the impression that the royal road to fortune is through a "banana plantation," want to know all about this industry. The consul answered these letters until he exhausted his own resources, no postage stamps beng allowed by the State Department for this service, and then wrote an official report to the department describing all the conditions of banana culture in Honduras. His conclusion is that the id a of enormous profits is a myth equaled only by the fabu-lous tales of the wealth of mineral ores that lie hidden everywhere among the crags and cliffs of the Honduran coast.

Venezuela Will Ratify the Treaty. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-Information has been received here from Venezuela to the effect that the arbitration treaty signed in Washington by Sir Julian Pauncefote and Senor Andrade has, safely reached Carcaras and will be laid before the Venezuela Conthe best authority that the ratification of the treaty is practically assured; that all substantial opposition has disappeared upon more accurate popular understanding of he terms of the agreement and that the attempt by Crespo's enemies to foment hosility to the treaty and make a political ssue of it has signally failed.

President Cleveland Returns. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-President Cleveland returned from his ducking trip down the river to-night, with thirty birds to his credit. He was accompanied by Commander Lamberton, and on the arrival of the Maple at the wharf, at 10 o'clock, they were met by a conveyance and driven to the White House. The President, who has been working for a fortnight until nearly 3 o'clock every morning, was much benefited by his

Made a United States Depository. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 .- An order ha een issued by the Treasury Department designating the Merchants' National Bank, of Indianapolis, as a United States depost-

General Notes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13 .- To-day's treasary statement shows: Available cash balance, \$216.074,249; gold reserve, \$146,090,238. The Senate committee on postoffices today agreed to report favorably the nomination of Oliver Z. Glenn, at Lebanon, Kan. This nomination was made to fill an office recently become presidential. It has been held up for about two months at the in-stance of the Republicans of that locality. Senator George, of Mississippi, whose conlition has been improving for several days, will leave for his home at Carrollton, Miss. to-morrow at 11 o'clock. His physician thinks he will be able to stand the trip without danger. He will be accompanied by his daughter and two sons

Lieut, Col. William Ludlow, corps of engineers, has been assigned to duty at New York, relieving Col. G. L. Gillespie of the river and harbor and fortification works under his charge, and performing them in ddition to those of the engineer of the Third lighthouse district, of which he is a present engaged. First Lieutenant J. J leyer, corps of engineers, is transferred from St. Augustine, Fia., to San Francisco. Secretary Herbert appeared to-day before the subcommittee of the House naval committee engaged in framing the naval appropriation bill and further discussed the quescalities to the distressed districts, and that reached the State Department. The ministion of armor plate, on the lines of his re- sister-in-law, Miss Ida, a school teacher.

BRITISH PLAYERS WON.

American Chess Masters Defeated in the International Match.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13 .- After two days' play the great international team chess match between the Kingdom of Great Britain and the United States of America ended in a win for Great Britain shortly before ance of benefit inclines to an abundant har- 6:30 p. m. The following shows the result of the match, the player first named in the American list being the opponent of the player named first in the list of Britons, America-Pillsbury, 1/2; Showalter, 1; Burille, 0; Barry, 1; Hymes, 1/2; Hodges, 1/2; Del-

man, 1/2; Helms, 0; Teed, 0; McCutcheon, 0 total, 41/2. Great Britain-Blackburn, Locok, 0; Atkins, 1; Lawrence, 0; Mills, 4 Bellingham, 1/2; Blake, 0; Jackson, 0; Cole, 1; Jacobs, 1; total, 514.

The Britishers played the white pieces on the odd-numbered boards, and the Americans on the even-numbered boards. Following are the openings selected by the players on the ten boards; Two knight's defense, Ruy Lopez, Vienna game, queen's pawn's opening, French defense, Ruy Lopez, French defense, Ruy Lopez, queen's pawn's opening and counter center gambit. The number of moves made on each board were as follows: 47, 36, 63, 34, 44, 69, 45, 44, 64 and 27. Details of play follow: Pillsbury got much the best of the game against Blackburne, but, being a little inattentive at one stage of the game, he allowed the British player to escape with a draw by means of a perpetual check. Locok selected a weak variation against Showalter, the latter took prompt advantage of his adversary's weak moves and by splendid play he won the game. The Boston Burille lost two pawns in the middle game against Atkins, and the latter, playing strongly, won after a long and protracted struggle. Barry altogether outlayed Lawrence in the middle game. The atter lost a piece and Barry scored nicely. The games between Mills and Hymes and Hodges and Bellingham were splendidly though evenly contested throughout, and ooth games ended fittingly in honors easy. Delman's brilliant play was too good for Blake, who fought stubbornly to avoid catastrophe. However, Delmar was all there, winding up the game by announcing a mate in five moves. Helms made an error shortly after the opening moves were made, he lost the exchange and finally Jackson won. Cole managed to establish past pawn on the queen's rook's fight, and this gave him a victory against Teed. Mc-Cutcheon compromised his position in the opening, subjected himself to a fierce attack on the part of his adversary, Jacobs, who won the game already yesterday.

At the conclusion of the match J. T. Maran, the president of the Brooklyn Chess Club, in announcing the final results, expressed his regret at having to ship back to England the trophy so gallantly won by American players last year. He said that within three months a challenge will be

An Old Hotel to Be Reopened. CHICAGO, Feb. 13.-It has finally been settled and it is authoritatively announced

to get the trophy back next year.

sent to England, and expressed the hope

They're Model Bargains. When we bought the Model last October-the purchase included several thousand dollars' worth of Men's and Boys' Spring-weight Clothing. Of course facing winter it would not have interested you at any price. But now-with the need so soon to bewe are going to offer you the choice of it at

Less Than Fifty Cents on the Dollar

Of the Model's prices. The assortment is complete enough for us to promise all of you who are prompt a saving as extraordinary as it is unexpected.

Cleaning Up

The Model's

\$3.00 and \$3.50 Pants now \$1.50

now.....\$2,00

\$5.50 and \$6.00 Pants now \$2.50

\$6.50 and better grades now....\$3.00

\$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 Pants

You won't mind the din and dirt the workmen are making. The inconvenience of to-day means the greater perfection for to-morrow. When the improvements are completed this storeyour store—will be without a peer in the country.

In the meantime don't delay a day your attendance upon this Special Sale.

Cleaning Up The Model's Spring Suits | Spring Pants

\$8.00 Suits now \$3.50 \$10.00 Suits now \$4.00 \$12.00 Suits now \$5.00 \$13.50 and \$15.00 Suits now \$6.00 \$16.50 and \$18.00 Suits now \$7.50 \$20.00 Suits now \$8.50

All Model Winter-weight Suits, Overcoats

and Separate Pants,

One-Half Off.

Your Choice of All the Model Stiff Hats Were \$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.50 and \$3,

\$1.00.

Our Guarantee makes assurance doubly sure. Whatever you buy here must give

One-Quarter Off.

and Separate Pants,

Cleaning Up

Model

\$2.50 and \$3.00 Suits now \$1.00

\$4.00 and \$5.00 Suits now \$2.00

\$6.50, \$7 and \$8 Suits now \$3.00

All'the New Saks

Winter-weight Suits, Overcoats

you unquestioned satisfaction or we want you to bring it back and get your money. Saks & Company

3 Days Only.

The old Grand Pacific was for many years the headquarters of politicians of national reputation; also the rendezvous of railroad men from all sections of this country. It was known the world over for its annual game dinner. The building is to be remodeled, provided with the latest improvements and made fire-proof. Two stories are to be added to it. The expense will approach \$500,000. The lease recently signed by the sons of the old proprietor, Tracy C. Drake and John Drake, jr., is to run four-

teen years. AN INSANE MAN'S CRIME.

Killed His Son, Wounded Sister and

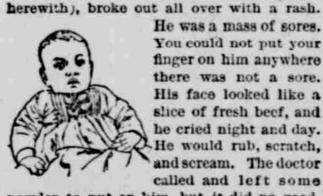
Daughter and Cut His Own Throat. LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 13 .- John W

Marrs, ex-city treasurer, to-day killed his six-year-old son. He also shot his daughter and sister. The women will recover. After attempting to kill the whole family Marrs killed himself. He had been in the asylum ten years ago, but had since been well, and was with Wilson & Co., clothiers. When the servant awoke Marrs this morning at 7:45 o'clock, he arose with an insane light in his eye, and as the servant retreated, two shots were fired. Mrs. Marrs and her ran up to the room, but Mrs. Marrs fainted on the steps just as her daughter Helen ran out of the room and fell. Miss Ida entered the room and found Marrs brandishing a pistol. He struck her with the weapon and fired, but the bullet missed its mark. He then shut and locked the door, and when the neighbors assembled and forced an entrance he was found with his throat cut from ear to ear, his head barely hanging to the body. The little boy was shot through the head and mutilated with the razor. Helen was wounded in the back of the head but will recover. Mrs. Marrs is in a critical condition from nervous prostration. The Marrs family is a prominent one socially

Face Like a Slice of Raw Beef. Cried Night and Day. Would Rub Scratch and Scream.

Moisture from Sores so Great Changed Cloths 12 Times a Day. Hands Tied for Five Months.

After One Application of CUTI-CURA Child Slept. Cured Without a Scar. My baby, when one year old (photograph



and financially.

He was a mass of sores. You could not put your finger on him anywhere there was not a sore. His face looked like a slice of fresh beef, and he cried night and day. He would rub, scratch, and scream. The doctor called and left some

powder to put on him, but it did no good. It would take two to hold him, and one to put medicine on him. We had to hold him sometimes an hour or two before we could get him quieted down. All said that they never saw such a face or body on any baby as on him. I had to cut the sleeves out of his clothes, and put gauze underwear on him to keep him cool. I had to keep pieces of soft cloth around his neck, it was so wet with moisture from the sores, and had to change the cloths sometimes ten or twelve times a day. I had to tie his hands tight in a cloth, night and day, for five months. My sister had used CUTICURA, and I began to use it and was surprised at the result. After only one appli-cation, he lay down and slept as he had not for a month, poor little fellow. After I had used CUTICURA REMEDIES a day he was glad to have me wash and dress him. He has not a scar on him now, and is as fair and his flesh is as soft as any baby just born. He was absolutely cured in three months by one cake CUTICURA SOAP, two boxes CUTICURA (ointment), and one-half bottle CUTICURA RESOLVENT. MRS. A. HAYNES, Lisbon, N. D.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CCRP , Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Skin Disease." free. COMPLEXION Hands and Hair purified and beautified by Cuttoura Soar.



AMUSEMENTS To-Morrow

You All Know Merry . . .

The Waifs of New York

Thursday — The world-famous melodrama, "The Fatal Card." Prices 10c, 20c, 30c.

GRAND FRIDAY Two Nights-Popular Matinee. New York's Jolliest Success, The In the most Elaborate Production ever seen here and exactly as presented for 130 nights at the Star Theater, New York.

FOUNDLING By Wm. Lestocq (author of "Jane") and E. M. Robson. Presented here the same as seen for 200 night- a. Hoyt's ork. Management Charles Froh-Cissy Fitzgerald

(See Clssy Wink) In her inimitable dances. The fashionable rage. Advance sale Tuesday at the Pembroke. PRICES-2:c. 50c, 75c, \$1. Matinee: Lower

floor, 50c; bale ny, 25c. THIS THEATRE -DOES NOT ADVERTISE IN THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS

New: Church: Chapel (Swedenborgian.)

333 North Alabama St.,

REV. W. L. GLADISH........Minister. Announces the following course of lectures for Tuesday evenings: Feb. 16, by Rev. Thomas A. King. of Chicago, subject. "The Divine Humanity of Jesus Christ, the Foundation of the Christian Religion." Feb. 23, by Rev. John Goddard, of Cincinnati, Why and How I Believe in a Life After March 2, by Rev. John Whitehead, President Urbana University, "Creation." March 9, by Rev. L. P. Mercer, of Chicago, "Three Crises in the Life of Man; Birth, Rebirth

Is It Inspired and What Is Inspiration?" ADMISSION FREE. PROPYLAEUM To Night Grand Banjo Recital

March 16, by Rev. W. L. Gladish, "The Bible:

ALFRED A. FARLAND The World's Greatest Banjo Artist Under Local Management of Frank Z. Maffey Assisted by Indianapolis BANJO CLUB, under direction of FRANK Z. MAFFEY "People are willing to believe in miracles when they hear Farland play the banjo."-Louisville

1897 models of "Columbia" and "Hartford" now on exhibition.

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The original of all Bowery plays; nine great scenes of Greater New York; the dark and bright sides of life in the great metropolis. Matinee daily.

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ENGLISH'S Feb. 25, 26, 27 The Famous and Only LILIPUTIANS-

Merry: Tramps! FRANZ EBERT, AD ZINK and BERTHA

JAEGER as the Trio of "Merry Tramps." 3 GRAND BALLETS 3 THE HARVEST FESTIVAL. THE FEAST OF LIGHT. THE SILVER LACE BALLET. Brilliant Electric Lisplay.

Gorgeous Costumes. Advance sale opens Monday, Feb. 22, at the DOES NOT ADVERTISE

EMPIRE-ONE WEEK! Commencing To-morrow Matinee, FLYNN & SHERIDAN'S

IN THE INDIANAPOLISNEWS!

CITY: SPORTS! BIG SHOW. 2-SPARKLING BURLESQUES-2

10-BIG SPECIALTY ACTS-10 20-PRETTY SHAPELY GIRLS-20 Seats on sale at box office, Extra-"CINTERMETOGRAPHE."

Next Week-New York Stars. GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

PEOPLE'S CHURCH-To-Day, II a. m.

PROGRAMME. Solo-"Salve Regina" Miss Zora Bartmes. Hymn No. 96. Violin-Fantasie on French Themes.... De Beriot Master Thaddeus G. Rich. Quartet-"Come and Worship"..... Miss Bartmes, Mrs. Walker, Messrs. J. Bradshaw and Jesse Cain. Sermon-People's Church, "What Is It?" Solo-"Some Sweet Day" Miss Zora Bartmes. Cornet Solo-"We'll Meet Above"......Geitzel Master Arthur Danner. Hymn No. 162 (on last page). Accomparist, Mrs. M. C. McGibeny.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

There Are Others But nothing fills all the needs of the cuisine, as does

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Unsurpassed for bread, pastry and